



## Integral University, Lucknow

<b>Effective from Session: 2024-25</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	DMA-101	<b>Title of the Course</b>	APPLIED MATHEMATICS-I	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	I <sup>ST</sup>	<b>Semester</b>	I <sup>ST</sup>	03	01	00	-
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>	DMA-101	<b>Co-requisite</b>	NA				
<b>Course Objectives</b>	To know the basic concepts of Mathematics with their Applications in Engineering.						

Course Outcomes	
<b>CO1</b>	Arithmetic Progression and Geometric Progression can be applied in real life by analyzing a certain pattern that we see in our daily life.
<b>CO2</b>	Trigonometry is widely used in several fields. Some of its uses are Measuring heights and distances, in construction and architecture, flight engineering, marine biology, application of Physics, electrical engineering, manufacturing industry, gaming industry.
<b>CO3</b>	The concept of Complex Number is used in the field of Computer Science. It is also used in coding and programming.
<b>CO4</b>	Here students are getting the knowledge of Graphs, continuity, and differentiation by which they will be able to find areas of any surface.
<b>CO5</b>	By getting full knowledge of Tangent and normal students will be able to use it in daily lives and further studies in Architecture Engineering, Civil Engineering etc.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	i) Series	<b>Series:</b> <b>Arithmetical Progression:</b> $n^{\text{th}}$ term of AP, Sum of 'n' terms, Arithmetic Mean. <b>Geometrical Progression:</b> $n^{\text{th}}$ term of GP, Sum of 'n' terms & infinite terms, Geometric Mean.	08	1
	ii) Binomial Theorem	<b>Binomial theorem:</b> Definition of factorial notation, permutation and combination, Binomial theorem for positive index, negative and fractional index (without proof), Application of Binomial theorem.		
	iii) Determinants	<b>Determinants:</b> Definition, expansion and elementary properties of determinant of order 2 and 3. Solution of system of linear equations, Consistency of equations, Cramer's rules.		
2	i) Trigonometry	<b>Trigonometry:</b> Relation between sides and angles of triangles: Simple cases only.	07	2
	ii) Vector Algebra	<b>Vector Algebra:</b> Dot and Cross product, Scalar and vector triple product.		
3	i) Complex Number	<b>Complex Number:</b> Definition of imaginary number, complex number & its conjugate. Algebra of complex number (equality, addition, subtraction, multiplication and division). Geometrical representation of a complex number, modulus and amplitude. Polar form of a complex number, Square root of a complex number. De Moivre's theorem (without proof) & its application.	08	3
4	i) Differential Calculus-I	<b>Differential Calculus - I</b> <b>Functions, limits, continuity:</b> Definitions of variable, constant, intervals (open, closed, semi-open). Definition of function, elementary methods of finding limits (right and left), elementary test for continuity and differentiability. <b>Methods of finding derivative:</b> Fundamental rules of derivatives (Sum and Difference), Derivatives of special functions, Trigonometric functions, exponential function, Function of a function.	09	4
5	i) Differential Calculus-II	<b>Differential Calculus - II</b> <b>Differentiation:</b> Logarithmic differentiation, Function with respect to another function, Function power function, Higher order derivatives. <b>Application -</b> Finding Tangents, Normal. Maxima/Minima.	08	5

<b>References Books:</b>											
1. Applied Mathematics: Kailash Sinha, Meerut publication.											
2. Applied Mathematics: P. K. Gupta, Asian Publication.											
3. Applied Mathematics: H. R. Loothara, Bharat Bharti Publication.											
4. Mathematics for Polytechnic: S.P. Deshpande, Pune Vidyarthi Griha.											
<b>e-Learning Source:</b>											
<a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=syLIPtxjN0E&amp;list=PLn78sdsv0QoXBxWmyGp5SQdg-F_AlyB05&amp;pp=iAQB">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=syLIPtxjN0E&amp;list=PLn78sdsv0QoXBxWmyGp5SQdg-F_AlyB05&amp;pp=iAQB</a>											
<a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rBNQ0r7CN2c&amp;list=PLn78sdsv0QoXUdre4aCAobj3cxACKNeLL&amp;pp=iAQB">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rBNQ0r7CN2c&amp;list=PLn78sdsv0QoXUdre4aCAobj3cxACKNeLL&amp;pp=iAQB</a>											

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
	<b>CO1</b>	3	1	3	--	1	--	--	2	-	1
<b>CO2</b>	1	3	1	1	2	--	--	2	1	2	-
<b>CO3</b>	--	1	2	2	3	--	--	3	2	2	1
<b>CO4</b>	2	2	2	1	--	--	--	-	2	1	3
<b>CO5</b>	2	1	2	3	1	--	--	-	1	-	2

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
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<b>Effective from Session: 2010</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	DPH-101	<b>Title of the Course</b>	Applied Physics-I	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	I	<b>Semester</b>	I	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>	None	<b>Co-requisite</b>	None				
<b>Course Objectives</b>	To equip learners with the foundational concepts of units, dimensions, dimensional analysis, measurement accuracy, and vector operations, enabling them to analyze physical equations, perform unit conversions, estimate errors, and apply vector algebra in solving scientific and engineering problems.						

<b>Course Outcomes</b>	
<b>CO1</b>	Students learn to convert one unit to different unit and they use conversation factor which is numerically quantity that we multiply or divide to the quantity. Student learns accuracy of the lab instrument with the help of significant figure.
<b>CO2</b>	In this student learn investigate the effect of gravity and friction on the motion of machines (mechanical) instrument etc.
<b>CO3</b>	Fundamental concepts of electrochemistry, including oxidation-reduction (redox) reactions, electrolytes, electrodes, and electrochemical cells.
<b>CO4</b>	Explain the fundamental principles of chemical kinetics, including the definition of reaction rate, rate laws, and the role of molecular collisions in reactions.
<b>CO5</b>	Identify and explain various physical, chemical, and biological parameters of water quality, including turbidity, pH, dissolved oxygen, hardness, and biological oxygen demand (BOD). Understand modern water purification technologies like reverse osmosis (RO), ultrafiltration (UF), ion exchange, and membrane filtration, and their applications in industrial and municipal water treatment.

<b>Unit No.</b>	<b>Title of the Unit</b>		<b>Contact Hrs.</b>	<b>Mapped CO</b>
Unit-1	<b>Measurement &amp; Vector</b>	<b>Measurement:</b> Units and Dimensions, Fundamental and derived units: S.I. Units and Dimensions of physical quantities, Dimensional formula and dimensional equation, Principal of homogeneity and application of homogeneity principle to:(i) Checking the correctness of physical equations (ii)Deriving relations among various physical quantities, (iii)Conversion of numerical values of physical quantities form one system of units into another, Limitations of dimensional analysis, Errors in measurement, accuracy and precision, random and systematic errors, estimation of probable errors in the result of measurement (combination of errors in addition, subtraction, multiplication and power). <b>Significant figures and order of accuracy in respect to instruments. Vector:</b> Scaler and vector quantities; Addition, Subtraction, Resolution of vector; Cartesian components of vector, Scaler and vector product of vectors	6	CO-1
Unit-2	<b>Force and Motions, Fluid mechanics and fiction, Work, Power and Energy</b>	<b>Force and Motions:</b> Newton's Law of Motion, Circular motion, angular velocity, angular acceleration and centripetal acceleration. Relationship between linear velocity and angular velocity, Relationship between linear acceleration and angular acceleration. <b>Fluid mechanics and fiction:</b> Surface tension, capillaries, equation of continuity, Bernoulli's theorem, stream line and turbulent flow, Reynold's number. Physical significance of friction, Advantage and disadvantage of friction and its role in everyday life, Static and dynamic frictional forces, Coefficients of static and dynamic frictions and their measurement, Viscosity, Coefficients of viscosity and its determination by Stoke's method. <b>Work, Power and Energy:</b> Work done by force on bodies moving on horizontal and inclined planes in presence of frictional forces, Concept of power and its units, Calculation of power (simple cases). Concept of kinetic and potential energy, various forms of energy, conservation of energy, Force constant of spring, Potential energy of stretched spring.	10	CO-2
Unit-3	<b>Elasticity</b>	<b>Elasticity:</b> Stress and Strain, Hooke's law, Elastic limit, Yielding point and breaking point, Modulus of elasticity, Young's modulus, Bulk modulus and modulus of rigidity, Poisson ratio, Resilience. Simple Harmonic Motion, Periodic Motion, Characteristics of Simple Harmonic Motion, Equation of Simple Harmonic Motion and determination of Velocity and acceleration, Graphical representation, Spring Mass system, Simple pendulum, Derivation of their periodic time, Energy conservation in Simple Harmonic Motion, Definition of free, Forced, undamped and damped vibrations, Resonance and its sharpness, Q-factor.	8	CO-3
Unit-4	<b>Gas laws and specific heats of gases</b>	Boyle's law, Charle's law, Gay Lussac's law, Absolute temperature, Kelvin scale of temperature, General gas equation(without derivation), Molar or universal gas constant, Universal gas equation, Standard or normal temperature and pressure (N.T.P), Specific heat of gases, Relation between two specific heat, Thermodynamics variables, first law of thermodynamics(statement and equation only), Isothermal, Isobaric, Isochoric and adiabatic processes ( Difference among these processes and equation of state).	8	CO-4
Unit-5	<b>Heat transfer and radiation</b>	<b>Heat transfer and radiation:</b> Modes of heat transfer, Coefficient of thermal conductivity and its determination by (i) Searle's Method for good conductors. (ii) Lee's Method for poor conductors. Conduction of heat through compound media, Conduction and convection, Radial flow of heat, Blackbody radiation, Stefan's law, Wein's displacement and Rayleigh- Jeans laws, Planck's law.	8	CO-5

**References Books:**

1. Nootan Physics: Kumar & Mittal
2. Applied Physics: P.K. Gupta.
3. Pradeep Fundamental: Gogia & Gomber.
4. Applied Physics: P.S. Kushwaha.

**e-Learning Source:**

1. <https://youtu.be/RywU769Eny4?si=VOn3l74xnpYIdfbM>



PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO																	
CO1	3								2		3	3	1		2	3	2
CO2	3										2	2					2
CO3	3	1										1					2
CO4	2	2										1					2
CO5	2			2								1					2

**1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation**

<b>Name &amp; Sign of Program Coordinator</b>	<b>Sign &amp; Seal of HoD</b>
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## Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session:							
Course Code	DCH-101	Title of the Course	Applied Chemistry-I	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	I	3	1	0	0
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None				
Course Objectives	1. To understand all the chemical reactions, principle and theory related to topics 2. To provide examples and unsolved problems as much as possible 3. To provide example related to industrial as well as domestic proposes						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Atomic Model helps to explain the significance of atomic models in designing materials at the atomic and molecular level. Governing atomic structure and their application in engineering fields like semiconductor physics and nanotechnology. The ability to analyze electron configurations and predict how they influence material properties, such as electrical conductivity, magnetic behavior, and chemical reactivity.
CO2	To explain the fundamental types of chemical bonds (ionic, covalent, and metallic) and their significance in determining the properties of engineering materials. Understand the role of electrons in bond formation and the concept of valency. Classify different types of chemical bonds based on electron sharing or transfer.
CO3	Fundamental concepts of electrochemistry, including oxidation-reduction (redox) reactions, electrolytes, electrodes, and electrochemical cells. Analyze standard electrode potentials, and apply the Nernst equation to calculate cell potentials under different conditions. Distinguish between different types of electrochemical cells, such as galvanic (voltaic) and electrolytic cells, and describe their operational principles.
CO4	Explain the fundamental principles of chemical kinetics, including the definition of reaction rate, rate laws, and the role of molecular collisions in reactions. Determine the rate law for a chemical reaction, identify the order of the reaction with respect to each reactant, and calculate the overall reaction order.
CO5	Identify and explain various physical, chemical, and biological parameters of water quality, including turbidity, pH, dissolved oxygen, hardness, and biological oxygen demand (BOD). Describe the basic water treatment processes such as coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filtration, and disinfection.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Unit-1	<b>Atomic Structure</b> <b>Classification of Elements</b>	Basic concept of atomic structure, Matter wave concept, Quantum number, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Shapes of orbital  Modern classification of elements (s, p, d, and f block elements), periodic properties: ionization potential, electro negativity, electron affinity.	10	
Unit-2	<b>Chemical Bonding</b>	Overview of basic concept of Ionic, Covalent & Co-ordinate bonds, Hydrogen bonding, Valence bond theory, Hybridization, VSEPR theory, Molecular orbital theory.	06	
Unit-3	<b>Electrochemistry -I &amp; II</b>	Arrhenius theory of electrolytic dissociation, Transport number, Electrolytic conductance, Ostwald dilution law. Concept of acid and bases: Arrhenius, Bronsted & Lewis theory. Concept of pH and numerical. Buffer solutions, Indicators, Solubility product, Common ion effect with their application. Redox reactions, electrode potential (Nernst equation), Electro-chemical cell (Galvanic & Electrolytic). EMF of a cell & free energy change. Standard electrode potential, Electrochemical series & Application. Chemical & electrochemical theory of corrosion, Galvanic Series. Prevention of corrosion by various methods.	10	
Unit-4	<b>Chemical Kinetics</b> <b>Catalysis</b> <b>Solid State</b>	Introduction, Law of mass action, order and molecularity of reaction. Activation energy, rate constants, 1st order reactions and 2nd order reactions.  Definition, catalytic reactions properties, Catalytic promoters & poison, autocatalysis & negative catalysis. Theory of catalysis & applications.  Types of solids (Amorphous and Crystalline), classification (Molecular, Ionic, Covalent and Metallic), Band theory of solids (Conductors, Semiconductors & Insulators), types of crystals, FCC, BCC, Crystal imperfection.	07	
Unit-5	<b>Water Treatment</b>	Hardness of water, its limits and determination of hardness of water by EDTA method. Softening methods (Soda lime, Zeolite and Ion exchange resin process). Disadvantages of hard water in different industries, scale & sludge formation, corrosion, caustic embrittlement, priming & foaming in boilers. Disinfection of Water by chloramine-T, Ozone and chlorine. Advantages and disadvantages of chlorination. Industrial waste & sewage, Municipality waste	07	



## Integral University, Lucknow

water treatment, Definition of BOD & COD. Numerical problems based on topics.

### References Books:

1. Applied Chemistry: R. S. Katiyar and J. P. Chaudhary
2. Applied Chemistry: Rakesh Kapoor
3. Principles of general and inorganic chemistry: O. P. Tandon
4. Engineering Chemistry: S. Chandra
5. Applied Chemistry: M. Gupta

### e-Learning Source:

[https://docs.google.com/document/d/1f9FaU1Y8D6D\\_5DRCJXXIunGXageT23G0/edit?usp=drive\\_link&ouid=106019737385905957374&rtpof=true&sd=true](https://docs.google.com/document/d/1f9FaU1Y8D6D_5DRCJXXIunGXageT23G0/edit?usp=drive_link&ouid=106019737385905957374&rtpof=true&sd=true)


[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1IsZHgt7nIdB0iReCbTaP53JZjgziOZ3/view?usp=drive\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1IsZHgt7nIdB0iReCbTaP53JZjgziOZ3/view?usp=drive_link)

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1lymiyHymX86HqsdnkmulsvZp-zIm02RR/view?usp=drive\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1lymiyHymX86HqsdnkmulsvZp-zIm02RR/view?usp=drive_link)

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1mH1CQmpYlKJeTvvi018gIW2KUS4l-9RK/view?usp=drive\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1mH1CQmpYlKJeTvvi018gIW2KUS4l-9RK/view?usp=drive_link)

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	03	-	01	-	-	-	01				
CO2	03	-	-	-	-	-	-				
CO3	03	-	01	-	-	-	02				
CO4	03	01	02	-	-	-	02				
CO5	03	-	-	-	-	-	02				

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

 Dr. Rida Sagheer Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
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## Integral University, Lucknow

<b>Effective from Session: 2016/17</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	DCS 101	<b>Title of the Course</b>	Fundamentals of Information Technology	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	Ist	<b>Semester</b>	Ist	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>	None	<b>Co-requisite</b>	None				
<b>Course Objectives</b>	To develop good knowledge and understanding of Information Technology field.						

Course Outcomes	
<b>CO1</b>	Students become familiar with Information technology and its terminologies.
<b>CO2</b>	Knowledge of computer, its types, memory, other hardware and software and Knowledge of basic troubleshooting Techniques and
<b>CO3</b>	Develop understanding of different data representation standards, numbers systems and their conversions
<b>CO4</b>	Knowledge of various emerging trends in the field of Information Technology and Introduced with different types of networks and various advanced input output and storage devices
<b>CO5</b>	Introduced with various mobile data communication technologies

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Description	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
I	<b>Introduction of Information Technology</b>	Definition of Information, difference between data and information, need for information, qualities of Information, value of information, categories of information, level of Information. Use of Information Technology in Office Automation, Computers & Its Types.	8	1
II	<b>Components of Information Technology and Hardware &amp; Software</b>	Types of PC e.g. Desktops, Laptops, Notebooks, Palmtops, Memory System of a PC, Primary Memory, RAM (Random Access Memory), ROM (Read Only Memory), Secondary Memory, Types of Secondary Storage, Access Mechanism of storage Devices, PC setup and ROM-BIOS, Elementary Trouble shooting	10	2
III	<b>Data Representation</b>	Binary Number System, Conversion from Decimal to Binary, Conversion from Binary to Decimal, Hexadecimal and Octal-decimal Number System, Memory Addressing and its importance, ASCII and EBCDIC coding System.	10	3
IV	<b>Emerging Trends in Information Technology</b>	Concepts of Networking and Local Area Networking, MAN and WAN, Advanced Input/ Output Devices and their use (MICR, OCR, Scanners, Light pen, Plotters) , Microfilms, Rewritable CD- ROMS, Multimedia, Video Conferencing, Tel Conferencing.	7	4
V	<b>Mobile Computing</b>	Introduction, Personnel Communication Services (PCS), Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM), GPRS, Mobile Data Communication, WAP, 3G Mobile service.	5	5

**References Books:**

- 1.Computer fundamental by Sinha & Sinha
- 2.Computer Basics & 'C' by V. Rajaraman
- 3.Programming in ANSI- E Balagurusamy

**e-Learning Source:**

- 1.Geeks for Geeks
- 2.Solo Learn

PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
<b>CO</b>															
<b>CO1</b>	1	3	3									1			
<b>CO2</b>		3	3		2							1			
<b>CO3</b>		3			1					1					2
<b>CO4</b>	2		1	1										2	
<b>CO5</b>		2	3		2			1		3	2				2

**1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation**

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
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## Integral University, Lucknow

<b>Effective from Session: 2010-11</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	DPC- 101/ 201	<b>Title of the Course</b>	PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	FIRST	<b>Semester</b>	FIRST/ SECOND		<b>T</b>		
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>		<b>Co-requisite</b>					
<b>Course Objectives</b>	Enhance Verbal Communication Skills Master Written Communication Cultivate Interpersonal Skills Develop Professional Etiquette Utilize Communication Technologies						

Course Outcomes	
<b>CO1</b>	Introduction of the concept of communication, types skills, modern tools, etc...
<b>CO2</b>	The CO of this unit is to make inquiry about people, product, price etc. with the expansion of business operations of a business, importance of business letter is also increasing. To take right decisions: Taking right decisions require accurate information.
<b>CO3</b>	The CO of this unit is to control sentence-level error (grammar, punctuation, and spelling). Its outcome is to employ techniques of active reading, critical reading, and informal reading response for inquiry, learning, and thinking.
<b>CO4</b>	Learning objectives focus on student performance. Action verbs that are specific, such as list, describe report, compare, demonstrate, and analyze, should state the behaviors students will be expected to perform in Hindi
<b>CO5</b>	The conclusion of this subject is to increase the student's English communication skills by Improving fluency through regular practice and speaking drills. Understanding of basic grammar structures like nouns, verbs and adjectives through class reading and speaking tasks.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Communication in English	Concept of communication, importance of effective communication, types of communication, formal and informal, verbal and nonverbal, spoken and written, Techniques of communication, Listening and reading, writing and speaking, Barriers to communication- Modern tools of communication Fax, e-mail, Telephone, telegram, etc., Techniques for clear, concise, correct and coherent writing, Difference between technical writing and general writing.	8	CO-1
2	Letters	Kinds of letters: Official, demi-official, unofficial, enquiry letter, quotation, tender and order giving letters. Application for a job, Resume, complaint letter and adjustment letter. Report writing, Note making and minutes writing.	8	CO-2
3	Grammar	Transformation of sentences, synthesis, Preposition, Articles, Idioms and Phrases, One word substitution, Abbreviations. Tenses, Active and Passive voice. Composition on narrative, descriptive, imaginative, argumentative, discussion and factual topics.	8	CO-3
4	Spoken English	Phonemes (Speech sound), Consonant sounds, vowels sounds and diphthongs, Phonetic transcription, IPA, word stress and Intonation. Development of comprehension and knowledge of English through the study of text material and language exercises based on the prescribed text book of English.	8	CO-4
5	Letter writing in Hindi	Kinds of letters: Official, demi-official, unofficial, enquiry letter, quotation, tender and order giving letters, Application for a job.	8	CO-5

**References Books:**

Dr. R.P. Chauhan, Asian Publishers, Muzaffarnagar
S.V. Singh & M. S. Verma: Bharat Bharat Prakashan, Meerut.
R. Thakur & M. Singh, Meerut Publication.

**e-Learning Source:**

<a href="https://www.bbau.ac.in/Docs/FoundationCourse/TM/AECC105/Lecture%20Types%20&amp;%20Modes%20of%20Communication.pdf">https://www.bbau.ac.in/Docs/FoundationCourse/TM/AECC105/Lecture%20Types%20&amp;%20Modes%20of%20Communication.pdf</a>
<a href="https://www.uou.ac.in/sites/default/files/slm/BHMAECC-II.pdf">https://www.uou.ac.in/sites/default/files/slm/BHMAECC-II.pdf</a>

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	2									
CO2	2	2									
CO3	1	1									
CO4	2	2									
CO5	3	3									

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<b>Name &amp; Sign of Program Coordinator</b>	<b>Sign &amp; Seal of HoD</b>
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## Integral University, Lucknow

<b>Effective from Session: 2024-25</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	DEE-101	<b>Title of the Course</b>	BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING-I	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	First	<b>Semester</b>	First	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>		<b>-</b>
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>		<b>Co-requisite</b>					
<b>Course Objectives</b>	1. Fundamental of current, voltage and power and would be able to utilize in electrical engineering. 2. Study and verification of electrical laws and network theorems for AC & DC circuits.						

Course Outcomes	
<b>CO1</b>	Conceptualize the fundamental of current, voltage and power and would be able to utilize in electrical heating and mechanical work.
<b>CO2</b>	Study the basic laws and DC network theorem which will apply to analyze the different electrical machines and network problems.
<b>CO3</b>	Develop the concept of magnetic flux and analogy between electric and magnetic circuit used in all engineering field.
<b>CO4</b>	Importance of ac circuit ,power factor and resonance in RLC circuit.
<b>CO5</b>	To impart knowledge of poly phase system and its application eg Electrical machine.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
<b>Unit-I</b>	Introduction of Electrical Engineering	Application of Electrical Engineering in different fields. Basic terminology: Current, Voltage and EMF, Resistor, Capacitor. Series and parallel combination of Resistors and Capacitors. Concept of constant voltage sources and Constant current source, symbols and graphical representation, characteristics of ideal and practical sources. Conversion of voltage sources into current sources and vice versa.	8	1
<b>Unit-II</b>	D.C. Circuit, Lighting Schemes	KVL & KCL, Ohm's law and simple numerical problems based on it. Introduction to Thevenin, Norton and Superposition theorem. LIGHTING SCHEMES: Lux, Candela, Series and parallel connection of wiring. LAMPS: Fluorescent and Incandescent lamp construction and working.	8	2
<b>Unit-III</b>	Electromagnetism	Concept of magnetic flux, flux density, magnetic field intensity (formula based numerical problem). Concept of reluctance and MMF (formula based numerical problem). Analogy between electric and magnetic circuit, B – H curve, Faraday's Law of electromagnetic induction. Lenz's Law, Energy stored in inductor.	8	3
<b>Unit-IV</b>	A.C. circuit	Terminology: Instantaneous value, maximum value, cycle, frequency, alternating current and voltage ,different types of power (Simple numerical problem), Difference between A.C. and D.C. Concept of phase and phase difference, Phasor representation of voltage and current for inductor, capacitor and resistor. Power factor ,RLC series resonance Introduction to three phase system, Advantage of three phase over single phase system. Star and Delta connection, Relationship between phase and line value of current and voltage.	8	4
<b>Unit-V</b>	Electrical machine	Types of A.C. and D.C. motors, Basic principle and working of A.C. and D.C. motor. Basic principle and working of A.C. and D.C. generator. Application of A.C. and D.C. motor. Single phase transformer (Brief introduction). Brief idea about stepper motor, reluctance motor and PMDC motor.	8	5

**References Books:**

1. Fundamental of Electrical Engg. – Ashfaq Husain
2. Electrical Technology Volume-I – B.L. Thereja

**e-Learning Source:**

<https://nptel.ac.in/>

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
<b>CO1</b>		3	2		1	1	1						2	
<b>CO2</b>		2	2		1				2				2	
<b>CO3</b>		2	2	3	2		2	2	1	2			3	
<b>CO4</b>		2	2			3		2					2	
<b>CO5</b>		2	3				2	3					2	

**1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation**

<b>Name &amp; Sign of Program Coordinator</b>	<b>Sign &amp; Seal of HoD</b>
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## Integral University, Lucknow

<b>Effective from Session: 2017-18</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	DCH-151	<b>Title of the Course</b>	Applied Chemistry Lab Practical	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	I	<b>Semester</b>	I			2	0
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>	None	<b>Co-requisite</b>	None				
<b>Course Objectives</b>	1. To understand all the chemical reactions, principle and analysis of chemicals 2. To examine the unknown chemical compounds and unsolved problems as much as possible						

Course Outcomes	
<b>CO1</b>	The process of qualitative analysis by applying knowledge of acidic basic nature of chemical properties and ions that sharpens the laboratory skills.
<b>CO2</b>	The careful analysis of substances to ensure the correct compounds are used or safely disposed of during manufacturing process.
<b>CO3</b>	Fundamental concepts of electrochemistry, including oxidation-reduction (redox) reactions, electrolytes, electrodes, and electrochemical cells.
<b>CO4</b>	To identify the components in a mixture, whether it's for designing manufacturing processes, dealing with wastewater treatment, or working with catalysts and chemical reactions.
<b>CO5</b>	Identify the chemical, and biological parameters of water quality, including turbidity, pH, temporary and permanent hardness. Understand modern water purification technologies like reverse osmosis (RO), ultrafiltration (UF), ion exchange, and membrane filtration, and their applications in industrial and municipal water treatment.

Unit No.	Experiment No		Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
	<b>Experiment 1</b>	Analysis of acid and basic radical of inorganic mixture No1	2	1
	<b>Experiment2</b>	Analysis of acid and basic radical of inorganic mixture No2	2	1
	<b>Experiment3</b>	Analysis of acid and basic radical of inorganic mixture No3	2	2
	<b>Experiment4</b>	Analysis of acid and basic radical of inorganic mixture No4	2	2
	<b>Experiment5</b>	Determination of chloride content by Mohr's method in supplied water	2	3
	<b>Experiment6</b>	Testing of total hardness of water sample by EDTA titration method in terms of CaCO <sub>3</sub>	2	3
	<b>Experiment7</b>	Analysis of temporary hardness in water sample through O'Hener's method	2	4
	<b>Experiment8</b>	Dissolve oxygen analysis in water sample	2	5
	<b>Experiment9</b>	Analysis of strength of HCl solution through NaOH solution by using pH meter	2	5

**References Books:**

1. Applied Chemistry: R. S. Katiyar and J. P. Chaudhary
2. Applied Chemistry: Rakesh Kapoor

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1K\\_tMkEUCeiEuWuTuUHF2fYrn0ASKdFvl/view?usp=drive\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1K_tMkEUCeiEuWuTuUHF2fYrn0ASKdFvl/view?usp=drive_link)

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1X-zvmfiPgJ\\_LvbxI7X5ciwJBXHvhadHI/view?usp=drive\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1X-zvmfiPgJ_LvbxI7X5ciwJBXHvhadHI/view?usp=drive_link)

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
<b>CO1</b>	03	-	01	-	-	-	01				
<b>CO2</b>	03	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<b>CO3</b>	03	-	01	-	-	-	02				
<b>CO4</b>	03	01	02	-	-	-	02				
<b>CO5</b>	03	-	-	-	-	-	02				

**1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation**

<p><b>Dr. Rida Sagheer</b> Name &amp; Sign of Program Coordinator</p>	<p><b>Sign &amp; Seal of HoD</b></p>
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## Integral University, Lucknow

<b>Effective from Session: 2010-11</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	DPC151/ 251	<b>Title of the Course</b>	Professional Communication	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	FIRST	<b>Semester</b>	FIRST/ SECOND				
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>		<b>Co-requisite</b>					
<b>Course Objectives</b>	Develop Effective Verbal and Non-Verbal Communication Skills Enhance Written Communication Abilities Foster Active Listening and Interpersonal Skills Master Communication Tools and Technology Understand and Adapt to Diverse Communication Styles						

Course Outcomes	
<b>CO1</b>	Introduction of International Phonetic Alphabet and Pronunciation practice.
<b>CO2</b>	From a psychological perspective, objective and outcome of self-description in formal communication situations means that you are focusing attention on you and your behavior, which allows you to evaluate what you see based on the standards and expectations that you have developed throughout your life.
<b>CO3</b>	The CO of this unit is breeding fresh ideas and taking inputs from a particular group of students... Identify a solution to a specific problem or issue. Selecting candidates after their written test for hiring in a company.
<b>CO4</b>	The key objectives outcomes that underline a good presentation often include the following: To establish credibility with your audience. To communicate information clearly to your audience. To persuade and/or influence your audience. The CO of this unit is to establish credibility with your audience. To communicate information clearly to your audience. To persuade and/or influence your audience.
<b>CO5</b>	The CO of this unit is to differentiate between views and facts, to formulate and delineate useful questions, to choose and apply suitable research methods, to look critically at acquired information and to doubt information that has been offered

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to speech sounds	Introduction to speech sounds through (IPA) International Phonetic Alphabet. - Pronunciation practice emphasizing the articulation of vocal sounds & Word stress. - Pronunciation Practice emphasizing the words with spelling pronunciation Mismatch.	4	1
2	Techniques of giving focused self-description	Techniques of giving focused self-description in formal communication Situations. - Practice in describing objects.	4	2
3	The basics of group discussion	The basics of group discussion. - Common pitfalls in group discussion. - Techniques for making a claim & supporting it in group discussion. - Techniques for offering polite but firm counter arguments. - Participating in a Debate.	4	3
4	The essentials of Seminar Presentation	The essentials of Seminar Presentation. - Techniques for preparing a Seminar Presentation. - Mock Interview: Preparation, unfolding of personality and expressing Ideas effectively. - Role Play/General Conversation, Making polite enquiries at Railway station, Post Office and other Public Places.	4	4
5	Project	Project: At the beginning of the Semester each student in the class will be given topics for one informative & one persuasive speech to be delivered by him/her towards the end of the semester. The students will research for, organize and finalize the speeches under the guidance of the subject teacher. For each speech, the student will submit a one-page written outline.	4	5

**References Books:**

Grant Taylor: English Conversation Practice (T.M.H.) 2. Grathe King: Colloquial English Routledge London  
 Grant Taylor : English Conversation Practice (T.M.H.) 2. Grathe King: Colloquial English Routledge London

**e-Learning Source:**

<https://siayainstitute.ac.ke/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/COMM-SKILLS-NOTES.pdf>  
<https://mrcet.com/downloads/MBA/Professional%20Communication%20Skills.pdf>  
<https://www.scribd.com/document/389612555/COMMUNICATION-SKILLS-SELF-STUDY-NOTES-1-pdf>

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	1									
CO2	2	1									
CO3	2	1									
CO4	1	2									
CO5	1	1									

**1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation**

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## Integral University, Lucknow

<b>Effective from Session: 2016-17</b>							
<b>Course Code</b>	DCS-151/DCS-251	<b>Title of the Course</b>	Computer Application Lab	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Semester</b>	1 <sup>st</sup> / 2 <sup>nd</sup>	<b>1</b>		<b>2</b>	
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>		<b>Co-requisite</b>					
<b>Course Objectives</b>	To develop basic knowledge and understanding of Computers and C programming language.						

Course Outcomes	
<b>CO1</b>	Students become familiar with the basic fundamentals and concepts of Computer
<b>CO2</b>	Practical knowledge of the MS Office package, viz. MS Word, MS Excel and MS PowerPoint.
<b>CO3</b>	Students are trained with the basic concepts of the C programming language
<b>CO4</b>	Students will be able to develop logics which will help them to create basic programs and applications in C.
<b>CO5</b>	The course is designed to provide complete knowledge of C language.

Practical No.	List of Practicals	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction of computer types, generation, Application, characteristic & Memory.	03	CO1
2	Introduction and practice of Ms-Office package (Ms-Word, Ms- Excel, Ms- Power point & Ms-Access).	03	CO2
3	Introduction & Practice of Internet and e-mail.	03	CO2
4	Programming of 'C'- History, character set, variables, and keywords, token data types input and output function.	03	CO3
5	Introduction of Decision control statement- if, if- else, nester if statement and switch case.	03	CO3
6	Programming practice of if, if – else, nested if statement and switch case.	03	CO4
7	Loops- while loop, do- while loop, for loop, break and continuous statements.	03	CO4
8	Programming practice of while loop do- while loop, for loop, break and continuous statements.	03	CO-4
9	Array Declaration, initialization of one and two dimensional array.	03	CO-5
10	Programming practice on array.	03	CO-5

References Books:	
1.	Computer fundamental- Sinha & Sinha
2.	Computer Basics & 'C'- V. Rajaraman
3.	Office 2007 -Ruthosky, Segum, Ruthosky
4.	Programming in ANSI- E Balagurusamy
e-Learning Source:	

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	1	3	2										1		
CO2	1	2	2							1			1		
CO3				1						2				2	
CO4				2						3				2	
CO5				2						3	2			2	

**1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation**

<b>Name &amp; Sign of Program Coordinator</b>	<b>Sign &amp; Seal of HoD</b>
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## Integral University, Lucknow

Effective from Session: 2024-25							
<b>Course Code</b>	DEE-151	<b>Title of the Course</b>	BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB-I	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Year</b>	First	<b>Semester</b>	First			2	-
<b>Pre-Requisite</b>		<b>Co-requisite</b>					
<b>Course Objectives</b>	1. Different electrical measuring instruments (Analog and Digital) 2. Study and verification of electrical laws and network theorems.						

Course Outcomes	
<b>CO1</b>	Familiarization of different electrical measuring instruments (Analog and Digital)
<b>CO2</b>	Verifying laws of series and parallel connection of circuit elements.
<b>CO3</b>	Verifying different DC network theorems and electrical machines.

Experiment No.	Experiment	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Experiment-1	Use of ammeter, voltmeter and multimeter	2	1
Experiment-2	To verify the laws of series and parallel connections of resistance.	2	2
Experiment-3	To verify the laws of series and parallel connections of capacitance.	2	2
Experiment-4	Verification of Ohm's law.	2	2
Experiment-5	To verify Kirchhoff's first laws: The algebraic sum of the currents at a junction is zero.	2	2
Experiment-6	To verify Kirchhoff's second laws: The algebraic sum e.m.f. in any closed circuit is equal to the algebraic sum of IR products (drops) in that circuit.	2	2
Experiment-7	To measure the resistance an ammeter and a voltmeter and to conclude that ammeter has very low resistance whereas voltmeter has very high resistance.	2	2
Experiment-8	To verify Thevenin's theorems.	2	3
Experiment-9	Study of 1-phase Energy meter.	2	3
Experiment-10	Study of running and reversing of a 3-phase Induction motor.	2	3
Experiment-11	Measurement of Efficiency of a 1- phase transformer by load test.	2	3
Experiment-12	Study of phenomenon of resonance in RLC series circuit.	2	3
Experiment-13	Practice in making different types of wiring and control of lamp with one or many switches.	2	2

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1			2					3	1	3			2	
CO2		1	3		2				1				2	
CO3		1	3		2				1				3	

**1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation**

<b>Name &amp; Sign of Program Coordinator</b>	<b>Sign &amp; Seal of HoD</b>
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